

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

AGRICULTURE

Tuesday the 14th April, 2009

Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY SIX QUESTIONS. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Define the following:
(i) G.M. crops (ii) Mixed cropping (iii) Monoculture (iv) Agro ecosystem
(v) Ratoon crop (vi) Bt Cotton (vii) Mulch (viii) Host plant resistance (ix)
Tissue Culture (x) Economic injury level
- 02 What is sustainable agriculture development? How it can be achieved? Please discuss.
- 03 Please discuss the importance of agriculture credit in crop production.
- 04 Differentiate between the following:
(i) Flood and furrow irrigation (ii) Chemical control and Legislative control
(iii) Biotechnology and Food technology (iv) Insect predators and Parasitoids.
(v) Farm yard manure and green manure
- 05 What special management practices are needed to improve problematic soil?
- 06 Define seed legislation. Why are special seed laws essential for a "Successful Seed Industry"?
- 07 What is the importance of Organic Agriculture on Environment and Agriculture Productivity?
- 08 Why and how weeds cause 20 to 30% reduction in crop yield? Enlist any ten most Noxious Weeds of Sindh with their botanical names and classification.

—THE END—

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

CRIMINAL LAW.

Saturday the 11TH April, 2009

Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY SIX QUESTIONS.
ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Discuss the requirements for recording Confessional Statement of an accused under Section 164 Cr.P.C. before a Judicial Magistrate and its consequences upon the prosecution case?
- 02 What is difference between primary evidence and secondary evidence. Explain by giving examples?
- 03 When Qatl-e-Amd becomes Qatl-e-Khata? Explain by giving examples?
- 04 Discuss the law of Estoppel and its applicability? Give examples?
- 05 Whether the ingredients of pre-arrest bail and post-arrest bail are different? Define?.
- 06 Write the grounds on which the application under Section 265-K/249-A Cr. P.C, is to be considered?
- 07 Write short notes on any 03 of the following:
 - (a) Counterfeiting
 - (b) Ocular evidence
 - (c) Co-accused
 - (d) Hostile witness
 - (e) Post mortem
- 08 Can a court take judicial notice of any fact? If in affirmative, point-out such cases. In cases when the court cannot take such a notice, give your reasons, illustrating your answer with suitable examples / illustrations.
- 09 In a case when a person has time to have recourse for the protection by the public authorities, whether right of public defence can be claimed?

THE END

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ECONOMICS

Sunday the 12th April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY SIX QUESTIONS . ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Elaborate and discuss the micro and macro levels in our economy.
- 02 Discuss the features and remedies of Business Cycles.
- 03 Discuss the types of Business Organizations and their role in the economy.
- 04 Discuss the role and functions of State Bank of Pakistan.
- 05 Analyze the factors which formulate Aggregate demand and Aggregate supply.
- 06 Describe major functions and objectives of budgetary policy.
- 07 $8X + 10Y = 200$. Show the price effect within this budget constraint, if the price of commodity Y is frequently going down to rupees 5 and rupees 2 respectively.
- 08 Explain with the help of production possibility frontier how economics is concerned with the problem of employment.

—————THE END—————

Monday the 06th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00.P.M.

Maximum marks: 100

QUESTION NO:

MARKS

- 01.** Write an Essay of about 300 words on any **one** of the following: **20**
- (i) Reconciliatory steps in politics, a better strategy in democratic norms.
 - (ii) A down ward trend in education standard today is root cause of all social evils.
 - (iii) Talibanization and Terrorism has destabilized the South West Asian Region. What policy decisions Pakistan should adopt to bail out safely.
 - (iv) The curse of Interest is responsible for world wide recession and declining world economy.
- 02** Make a précis of the following and give it a suitable heading: **20**
- Africans and Asians alike have been tortured and oppressed by the energetic ingenuity of the western conquest. If the world is to be happy, energy and ingenuity must no longer be expended in the exploitation of those who have less of these qualities. Mankind must learn a degree of mutual respect which has never hitherto existed. Perhaps some at least of the nation of Asia will have learnt this lesson from their sufferings at the hands of ingenious despots. Perhaps on the other hand, they will only have acquired a wish to imitate the ruthless mastodons who are bringing the west to disaster. One has not the gift of prophecy and one cannot plumb the depths of human folly, but while there is uncertainty, hope and apprehension are equally rational, and hope is more likely to be beneficial. So long, therefore, as hope remains possible, one shall continue to hope. And a large part of one's hope will be centered in the East.
- 03** Write a letter to the Chief Engineer (Electricity) of your area complaining him that the un-usual and prolonged load-shedding was in fact due to in-efficiency on part of distribution wing. Efforts therefore may be made to put the things in order. **20**
- OR**
- Write an application to the Nazim of your district complaining him/her against the increasing trend of professional begging and suggesting some ways to stop it.
- 04** Select the most appropriate meaning of the following words and use it in your sentence: **20**
- (i) **Discotheque** : (A) Night Club (B) Cabaret (C) Saloon (D) Place where social dancing is done but need not imply the serving alcoholic drinks.
 - (ii) **Benevolence**: (A) Generosity (B) Good will (C) Un-selfishness (D) Kindness.
 - (iii) **Partisan**: (A) Partial (B) Biased (C) Favouring (D) Prejudiced.
 - (iv) **Forego**: (A) Give-up (B) Sacrifice (C) Waive (D) Refuse
 - (v) **Extirpate**:: (A) Annihilate (B) Eradicate (C) Uproot (D) Exterminate
 - (vi) **Vogue**: (A) Fad (B) Rage (C) Usage of things having temporary public approval (D) Fashion
 - (vii) **Tie**: (A) Moor (B) Truss (C) Secure (D) Fasten
 - (viii) **Timid**: (A) Shy (B) Submissive (C) Coy (D) Bashful
 - (ix) **Modest**: (A) Lowly (B) Un-assuming (C) Un-pretentious (D) Docile.
 - (x) **Graphic**: (A) Pictorial (B) Neutral description to work using techniques of visual design (C) Vivid (D) Picturesque
- 05** (a) Give the meaning of any **five** of the following idioms and use them in your own sentences: **10**
- (i) Cloak and dagger (ii) In cold blood (iii) A bottomless pit (iv) Be out of bounds
 - (v) Off the wall (vi) Breathe life into (vii) Heavy handed (viii) A rat-fink (ix) By word of mouth
 - (x) Come face to face with.
- (b) Change the following to Adjectives and use them in your own sentences: **10**
- (A) Maneuver (B) Train (C) Conquer (D) Maintain (E) Neglect (F) Learn (G) Mitigate
 - (H) Connect (I) Suffer (J) Defeat.

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ENGLISH LITERATURE PERIOD-I

Friday the 10th April, 2009

Time: 03.00.P.M. to 06.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS SELECTING AT LEAST TWO FROM EACH SECTION. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

SECTION-I

- 01 What kind of revolution was brought about by Wordsworth? Point out the factors that led to this revolutionary change in his literary taste?
- 02 Trace with examples personal element in the poetry of Byron.
- 03 Keats has been highly praised for his felicity of words and phrases. Discuss with illustrations.
- 04 Compare and contrast the romanticism of Shelley and Keats.
- 05 Write a note on Shelley's conception of Love with special reference to his "Prometheus Unbound".

SECTION-II

- 06 Write a critical note on Jane Austen's characteristics as a novelist.
- 07 Critically appreciate any one of the following writers as your favorite.
 - (a) Scott
 - (b) Charles Lamb.
08. What are the qualities that have earned Lamb the title of "Prince of essayists".
09. Discuss Scott as a historical novelist and his contribution to the genre.

-----THE END-----

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD
COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ESSAY IN SINDHI

Tuesday the 07th April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 12.00. Noon

Maximum marks: 50

نوٽ، هيٺ ڏنل عنوانن مان ڪنهن به هڪ تي
سهڻي سنڌيءَ ۾ مضمون لکو.

۱. سنڌي ثقافت، سنڌي سياحت.
۲. تاريخي ماڳن، مڪانن جي حفاظت.
۳. ”ايڙ نه مارن ريت جنن سڀيڻ مٿان سون تي“
۴. سنڌي ٻوليءَ جي ترقيءَ لاءِ سنڌي ليکڪن ۽ حڪومتي ڪردار.
۵. شاھ عبداللطيف ڀٽائيءَ جي ڪلام جو فلسفو.
۶. سنڌ جون قديم قومون ۽ قبيلو ۽ انهن جون ريتون رسمون.
۷. جديد دور جي سنڌي ادب جو جائزو.

پورو ڪيو.

Tuesday the 07th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 100

نوٽ : ڪي به پنج سوال ڪريو. هر هڪ سوال تي هڪ جيترو ن مارڪون رکيل آهن. سوال نمبر 4 لازمي آهي.

سوال 1: هيٺ ڏنل عنوان مان ڪنهن به هڪ تي مضمون لکيو.
(الف) شاهه عبداللطيف ڀٽائيءَ جي ڪلام ۾ اخلاقي قدر.
(ب) سنڌي جديد ادب جي سرچڻ جا ڪارڻ ۽ ممڪن ٿيڪڻي ۽ شاعرن جا حوالا ڏيو.
(ٽ) شيخ اياز جي علامتي شاعري.
(ڀ) سنڌي ڪهاڻيءَ جي ترقيءَ ۾ عورت جو حصو.

سوال 2: ڊاڪٽر عبدالڪريم سنديلو سنڌي ٻوليءَ جو سينگار ۽ ويجهار آهي. ٻه ڪن ۽ ٻين صنفن جا مثال معنيٰ سان ڏئي ثابت ڪريو.

سوال 3: هيٺ ڏنل بيتن مان ڪن به ٻنهي جي معنيٰ ٻڌايو.

(الف) نڪَ وَ نِگِي وَ رَگهڻا، هيءَ ڪٿي ڪجاڙو؟
جڏهن وَرَ ڏٺس وارو ته سونهن سرتين وچير
(ب) تاجي لو ريالون، ته عيد نڪتا آڻيان،
ڪوئي ڪا پائڻين کي پير ۾ پيچاڻون
اگلي ڏي آڻون، مون کان پٿر اڳانه ٿيا.
(ٽ) خوني خماري چشمان چن ٿيون،
ڏسڻ سان عاشق ڪيفي ڪن ٿيون،
اهي نازير وريون نازڪ نياڻيون،
نڪا تير سڙن جا بيشڪ هنن ٿيون.
(ڊ) چشمه ميگن مثال نرگس،
تڻهي خوني خمار تان صد تي.

(ج) مڪلي منهنجي جيئل مڪلي تو ۾ مون هنگلاج ڏلو،
مهل ڏلو مون تخت بنا ۽ تاج بنا سرتاج ڏلو،
آيل تڻهي قسمت ۾ مون تاوڻ ۽ تاراڻ ڏلو.

(ڇ) آڏيءَ منهنجي پڪاڻي ٻن تي هٿ پرينءَ جي تال وڃاتا،
مجهون جي هٿ جو هڪ چمڪاءُ نه ماڻي سگهيا پيلا.

(خ) هيءُ ننڍو ٿيڙو طوفان، مان پار ڪيئن پهچان،
سجھو ته ناخداو، آهي به آسرو ڪو!
تسرين اياز هن کي پورو پسي نه سگهندين،
جيئين مڪي نه جاني، ڪوئي ڊجهرو ڪو.

سوال ۳: (الف)؛ هيٺين اصطلاحن مان ڪن به پنهنجي جي سمجهائي ڏيئي ٻين جي استعمال ڪيو
 اکرڪوٽ - وانگوٽي - پيرپير - آبي گهوٽ - برقي بھڻ
 پروڙي - ترٽانگھڻ - ٿڌو پيٽ

سوال ۴: (ب)؛ هيٺين پهاڪن - چوڻن مان ڪن به پنهنجي جي سمجهائي ڏيو
 ڪاڏي منهن مريم جو ڪاڏي العيار - جھڙي ڪڙي ٺھڙي ڀڙي
 انڌي وي ملتان لڏو - گڏھ کي به ڪو لاج پادبي -
 گنجو کنھڻ کان نه رهي - دوو ڌوڙ چنيسر چائي - ڌڙ ريڙو ۽ سسي پاڪري

سوال ۵: هيٺين بيتن مان ڪي به پنج مڪمل ڪيو

(الف) سون برابر سڳترا، مارو سندا مون،

(ب) گوئدر ڪيو غرق، ماءُ منهنجو جندڙو،

(ت) ري ٿيڻ ريءُ لوڻ ٿيڻ لوڻ چرٿون چانءُ،

(ث) هيٺ جرڻي ميجر پاسي ۾ وٽراه ،

(ج) مون ۾ آهيڻ لوڻ مٿان تڙهيوئي لوڪي لڳي،

(ح) تان ميج محمد ڪارڻي نروڻ منجهان نيهن،

(خ) لوڻ حبیب لوڻ طبيب لوڻ دردي دوا،

سوال ۶: هيٺين فقري جو سوي سنڌي ۾ ترجمو ڪيو.

In the old times scarcity of people, made each family of cultivators of great value to their land lord. In many parts of the world, when once a peasant had settled in a village, he was not allowed to go away. In hill districts where the wandering system of husbandry was in vogue, no family was allowed by his chief to quit the territory; for each house hold paid a poll-tax to the chief and the chief did not wish to loose his money. In many places, the lower classes of husband-men were attached like serfs to the soil.

THE END

Tuesday the 07th April, 2009

Time: 2.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M.

Maximum marks: 100

نوٹ: مندرجہ ذیل سوالات میں کوئی بھی پانچ سوال کریں۔ ستر سوال نمبر کا گھرنا لازمی ہے۔ ہر سوال کے مساوی نمبر ہیں۔

سوال نمبر 1۔ کسی ایک موضوع پر مضمون لکھیے۔

(i) شاعر فردا۔ اقبال کی شاعری، فکر اور فلسفے پر آگاہی دیں۔
حضرت داغ جیاں بیٹھ گئے۔ بیٹھ گئے۔ داغ کی شاعری کی اردو ادب میں نمایاں حیثیت۔

(ii) اخبار بینی کے فوائد اور نقصانات

(iii) پاکستان کی بقا کے لیے نوجوانوں کا کردار

سوال نمبر 2۔ صرف پانچ اشعار کی تشریح کیجیے اور شاعر کا حوالہ ہی دیجیے۔

(i) اب سے تجرید و خاکا نہیں امکاں ماناں، یاد کیا تجھ کو دلائیں تیرا پیمانہ جانان
یونہی موسم کی ادا دیکو کے یاد آیا ہے، کس قدر جلد بدل جاتے ہیں انسان جانان

(ii) تمہاری یاد کے زخم بھرنے لگتے ہیں، کسی بہانے تمہیں یاد کرنے لگتے ہیں۔
حدیث یار کے عنوان لکھنے لگتے ہیں، تو ہر حریم میں گیسو سونے لگتے ہیں۔

(iii) شور برپا ہے خانہ دل میں، کوئی دیواری گری ہے ابھی۔
یاد ہے نشان جزیروں سے، تیرا آواز آ رہا ہے ابھی۔

(iv) دل میں اک ہر سی اٹھی ہے ابھی، کوئی تازہ ہوا چلی ہے ابھی۔
گلوں میں رنگ بھرے باد تو بہار چلے، چلے ہی آؤ کہ گلشن کا گارو بار چلے

(v) قفس اداس ہے یارو صبا سے کچھ تو کہو، کہیں تو بہر خدا ذکر یاد چلے۔
کوئی امید بر نہیں آتی، کوئی صورت نظر نہیں آتی۔

(vi) موت کا ایک مقین ہے، نیند کیوں رات جہ نہیں آتی۔
بھوکوں کی نظر میں بجلی ہے، توپوں کے دانے ٹھنڈے ہیں۔

(vii) تقدیر کے لب کو جنبش ہے، دم توڑ رہا ہیں تدبیریں۔
سوال نمبر 3۔ صرف پانچ کی تعریف لکھیے اور مثالیں دے کر سمجھائیے۔

تغایہ - ردیف - مقطع - تخلص - مبالغہ - تشبیہ - استعارہ
شعر - بیت - مصرع

سوال نمبر ۶ - یہ مشہور ناول ہیں۔ ان کے لکھے والوں کے نام لکھیے۔
(۱) دشت سوس ناول نگار۔

(۱۱) کشور نایب (ب) جمیلہ یاشمی۔ (ت) زاہدہ حنا۔

(۱۱۱) سعیدی ٹکٹ ناول نگار۔
(۱۲) امرتا پر یتیم۔ (ب) پروین شاکر۔ (ت) عفت پروین

(۱۱۱۱) آخر شب کے مسافر ناول نگار۔

(۱۳) واجد بیسم۔ (ب) قرات العین حیدر (ت) حاجرہ مسرور

(۱۱۱۱۱) خدا کی بستی ناول نگار۔

(۱۴) سعادت حسن منٹو۔ (ب) اے امید۔ (ت) شوکت صدیقی

(۱۱۱۱۱۱) گٹودان ناول نگار۔

(۱۵) ڈپٹی نذیر احمد۔ (ب) محمد حسین آزاد (ت) منشی پریم چند

سوال نمبر ۷ صرف پانچ محاوروں کی تشریح کیجیے اور مثالیں دے کر سمجھائیے۔

بندھ گیا سو موتی رہ گیا سو پتھر۔ - بیچ کیس بلی تو بلی ہی سی۔
بری صحبت سے تنہائی چلی۔ - آنکھوں کھٹے۔

بغل میں پھری منہ میں رام رام۔ - چور چوری سے جائے پیرا پھری
سے نا جائے۔ - سرمند آتے ہی اوے پڑے۔ - ہاتھ کلن کو آرسی کیا۔
گیدڑ کی صوت آتی ہے تو شہر کی طرف جاتا ہے۔
چیونٹی کے پر نکل آئے۔

سوال نمبر ۸ اردو میں نسلیں ترجمہ کیجیے۔

In the old times scarcity of people, made each family of cultivators of great value to their land lord. In many parts of the world, when once a peasant had settled in a village, he was not allowed to go away. In hill districts where the wandering system of husbandry was in vogue, no family was allowed by his chief to quit the territory; for each house hold paid a poll-tax to the chief and the chief did not wish to loose his money. In many places, the lower classes of husband-men were attached like serfs to the soil.

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

HISTORY OF SINDHI LITERATURE.

Wednesday the 08th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

نوٽ: ڪي به پنج سوال ڪريو. هر هڪ سوال تي طوڪ جي پڙهڻ
مارڪون رکيل آهن.

سوال ۱: چيو ويو آهي: ”ڪلهوڙن جو دور سنڌي ادب جو سونهري دور هو“
پر آدي تاريخ جي مطالعي جي روشنيءَ ۾ اهو ٿو ڏسجي ته ”سنڌي
ادب جي جيڪا شرقي انگريزن جي دور ۾ ٿي آهي، سا قابل ٿو
آهي.“ اوهان پنهنجي دورن جو تقابلي جائزو وٺي، نتيجا بيان ڪريو.
سوال ۲: مرزا قليچ بيگ هڪ علمي، ادبي ۽ سماجي ادارو هو. سنڌي ادب
۾ سندس ڪيل خدمتن جو تفصيلي جائزو پيش ڪريو.

سوال ۳: سنڌي افساني تي ترقي پسند تحريڪ جو ڪهڙو اثر پيو،
مثالن ذريعي سمجهايو.

سوال ۴: ادب ۾ ڪهڙا اوان لاڙا آيا آهن ۽ انهن جو سنڌي ادب تي ڪهڙو اثر
ٿيو آهي؟

سوال ۵: شاهه عبداللطيف ڀٽائيءَ جي ڪلام کي ڪهڙن ڪهڙن عالمن سمجهڻو
آهي، انهن جي ترتيب ڏنل رسالن ۾ ڪهڙو فرق آهي.

سوال ۶: ڪهاڻي ۽ افساني ۾ ڪهڙو فرق آهي؟ جديد ڪهاڻيءَ جي ترقيءَ ۾
ڪهڙن ڪهاڻيڪارن جي خدمتن کي آدي تاريخ ۾ جوڳي جڳهه ڏني ويندي آهي.
سوال ۷: ”سنڌي ادبي تاريخ“ جو مصنف ڪير هو؟ اوهان سندس ادبي خدمتن کان ڪيترو
واقف آهيو؟

سوال ۸: شاهه عبداللطيف کان پوءِ سنڌ جو ڏو شاعر شيخ اياز کي ئي مڃيو
وڃي ٿو. سندس فن ۽ فڪر جي گهرائيءَ ۾ ٻينهن صلاحيتن مطابق ٻين پڻي ڏيکارو.

سوال ۹: ڪنهن به هڪ ڪتاب تي تنقيد ڪريو.
۱. مشرقي شاعريءَ جا جديد قدر ۽ رجحانات ۲. سنڌي ٻوليءَ ۽ ادب جي تاريخ

۳. صوفي لاکوئي ۴. ادب جا فڪري محرڪ ۵. شاهه لطيف جي شاعري

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

INDIAN HISTORY PERIOD-I

Monday the 13th April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY SIX QUESTIONS . ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 What are the achievements of King Ashoka for Buddhist religion?
- 02 Give in detail the character and achievements of Muhammad bin Qasim, the conqueror of Sindh?
- 03 According to Stanley lane pool "Sultan Mahmood was a great soldier and a man of infinite courage and indefatigable energy of mind and body". How far do you agree with this statement?
- 04 "Do you agree that Mahmud Ghauri paved the way for the establishment of Muslim Rule in the sub-continent"? Discuss.
- 05 What were the causes of the attack of Amir Taimur on the sub-continent which ultimately brought the downfall of the Tughlaq Dynasty?
- 06 Describe the socio-cultural and economic life of the people of the sub-continent during the Sultanate period?
- 07 "Alla-ud-din Khilji was not only a warrior but a good administrator, a patron of the learned and the best Sultan of his times". Give your views.
- 08 Narrate briefly the climax and fall of Syed dynasty?

=====THE END=====

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

INDIAN HISTORY PERIOD-II

Friday the 10th April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY SIX QUESTIONS . ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Give an account of the political conditions of India on the eve of Babur's invasion . How far did it facilitate the success of Babur?
- 02 Discuss the Afghan - Mughal contest for the sovereignty of Hindustan between 1526 – 1556 A.D.
- 03 Akbar's idea was not so much national as of Universal Kingship. Evaluate in the light of this statement, Akbar's concept of Kingship, both in theory and practice.
- 04 "He became her prisoner in marrying her , for she did, in his time, rule all in ruling him". Examine the influence of Noor Jahan and its consequences on the reign of Jahangir.
- 05 How far Shah Jahan's reign was the golden age of the Mughal Empire?
- 06 Discuss the religious policy of Aurangzeb. What were its results.
- 07 Discuss the causes leading to the downfall of the Mughal Empire.
- 08 Write note on any three of the following:
(A) Shah Waliullah (B) Abdul Rahim Khan-i-Khana (C) Ain-i-Akbari
(D) Battle of Panipat-II (E) Bahadur Shah Zafar.

=====THE END=====

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD
COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

Wednesday the 15th April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: Attempt any 05 Questions. All Questions carry equal marks.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 "Rise of Islamic fundamentalism is interpreted as a reflection of the failure of leftist intellectuals and progressive regains to offer successful and timely alternatives to the Muslim Society". Discuss.
- 02 Discuss in detail the pace of political activities against king Zahir Shah after adoption of 1964 Constitution in Afghanistan.
- 03 Evaluate the economic reforms introduced by Yeltsin government after the disintegration of USSR.
- 04 Explain briefly the background and emergence of Nazism in Germany.
- 05 Give a brief account of fundamentalist movements in Muslim Society and explain why modernization is not proceeding properly in Muslim world.
- 06 Afghanistan has become a bleeding spot in the region. Discuss with special reference to Pakistan?
- 07 American intervention in IRAQ has badly deteriorated the peace process in the Middle East. Discuss.
- 08 Iranian Nuclear armament has created havoc in the Western power corridors. Comment?
- 09 FASCISM and Nationalism are separate Ideologies. Distinguish and explain the main features of both.

THE END

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ISLAMIAT

Thursday the 09TH April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

**NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY
EQUAL MARKS.**

QUESTION NO:

- 01 The Prophet (P.B.U.H) said, 'He has tasted the flavour of faith (IMAN) who believes in ALLAH as his Lord ; Islam as his religion, and Muhammad (P.B.U.H) as the Messenger (Recorded in Muslim). Define IMAN in the light of Hadith.
OR
Explain importance of Shariat and IMAN in Islam.
- 02 'SALAT' (Prayer) is one of the fundamentals of Islam. Explain its significance and effects on individual personality and community.
- 03 Explain in detail main difficulties faced by Hazrat Ali (R.A) during his Khilafat.
- 04 "HUDIBAYA TREATY" is known as "A CLEAR VICTORY" in the Holy Quran ____ Discuss the effects of the Treaty on consolidating peace in Arabia.
- 05 How did the First Pious Khalifa maintain the unity of Islam. Estimate the achievements of Khulfa- Rashedeen.
- 06 Write a detailed note on the principles of criticism adopted by the Muhaddithin.
- 07 Write a note on the term TASAWWUF and its origin.

-----**THE END**-----

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ISLAMIC HISTORY PERIOD - I

Thursday the 09TH April, 2009
Time: 10.00.A.M. to 1.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS SELECTING ATLEAST TWO QUESTIONS FROM EACH SECTION. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

SECTION-I

- 01 Write a note on early life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) till the age of 40 years.
- 02 The period of Hazrat Umar(R.A) is called "The Golden Period" so for his administration is concerned . Define.
- 03 Discuss the wisdom of Hazrat Ali (R.A) as consultant during the Khilafat Period of Hazrat Umar (R.A) and Hazrat Usman Ghani (R.A).
- 04 Describe the Socio-Religious challenges after migration (HIJRA) to Madinah.

SECTION-II

- 05 Discuss the achievements of Muslims in the field of Medicine and Rational Sciences during Ummayyed dynasty.
- 06 Describe the character and achievements of Suleman Bin Abdul Malik.
- 07 Write down a detailed note upon "KHAWARIJ" (خَوَارِج) and their beliefs.

.....**THE END**.....

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

ISLAMIC HISTORY PERIOD-II

Sunday the 12th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: Attempt any 05 questions selecting at least 02 questions from each section. All questions carry equal marks.

Question No:

SECTION-I

- 01 Abul-Abbas As-Saffah was declared the first Caliph of the Abbasid. Illustrate his achievements.
- 02 The civil war of Amin and Mamun was the war of Arabs and non Arabs. Review.
- 03 Describe the steps taken by Abu-Jaffer Al-Mansoor to crush his opponents and specially the revolt of his uncle Abdullah bin Ali.
- 04 The death-Knell of the Abbasid Caliphate was sounded with the invasion of Halaqu and sack of Baghdad in 1258 A.D. Discuss with arguments.
- 05 Highlight the contribution of Abbasid in the development of Fine Arts.

SECTION-II

- 06 The conquest of Spain by the Arabs is a brilliant chapter of their history. Discuss fully?
- 07 Give in detail the Character and achievements of Abdur Rahman-II with special mention of Cordova.
- 08 Abdur Rahman-III was unquestionably the able and most gifted of all the Umayyad Sovereigns of Spain. Prove with arguments.
- 09 The Umayyad rule in Spain fell into progressive decay after the death of Ibn Amir. Discuss fully.

.....THE END.....

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

PHYSIOLOGY

Monday the 13th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

**NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS . ALL QUESTIONS CARRY
EQUAL MARKS.**

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Describe the location, histology, hormones and functions of the adrenal glands.
- 02 What is homeostasis? Kidneys serve multiple functions. Discuss it.
03. Define and describe "Mechanism of Respiration" in connection with oxygen and carbon dioxide at cellular level.
- 04 Draw & label " The Heart" (through conduction system) and other parts/organs of body, very dependent on this system of conduction.
- 05 Explain all steps, involved in digestion and absorption of fats, in a sequential manner and role of liver and gall bladder.
- 06 Give the schematic presentation of process of clotting indicating all 3 pathways and all factors.
- 07 Name various blood groups; Describe the hazards of giving mismatched/ un-screened blood.

=====THE END=====

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Tuesday the 14TH April, 2009

Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS SELECTING ATLEAST TWO QUESTIONS FROM EACH SECTION. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

SECTION-I

- 01 Where there is no Common Law there is no Law where no justice.
- 02 "Political liberty depends upon Economic equality". Discuss.
- 03 Define "State" and examine its various elements.
- 04 What are the essential conditions for successful working of Democratic Governments.

SECTION-II

- 05 Describe the role of 'Crown' in Political System of U.K.
- 06 Explain the principle of "Checks and Balances" in the American Political System.
- 07 Prime Minister plays key role in Indian Political System. Discuss.
- 08 "The Parliament of England" is the Mother Parliament of all other Parliaments of the World. Discuss.

-----THE END.-----

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD.

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Wednesday the 15th April, 2009
Time. 2.00 p.m to 5.00.p.m.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY 05 QUESTIONS, INCLUDING QUESTION NO: 08, WHICH IS COMPULSORY. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

- 01 What is meant by Single (Bureau) and plural (Board) headship of department? Discuss the merits and demerits of these two systems.
- 02 Enumerate the achievements of democratic decentralization in Pakistan. What are the hurdles on the way to achieve its ends?
- 03 Examine the role of Public Administration in a modern welfare state. How the study of public administration can help in understanding the problems of administration in a developing country like Pakistan?
- 04 What are the salient features of Public Personnel Management in Pakistan? To what extent the principle of merit is observed in the decisions pertaining Selection, Recruitment and Salary Administration, for the Civil Servants in Pakistan?
- 05 Highlight the importance of leadership in administration. Identify various forms of administrative leadership and give arguments in favour of a form that suits to the administrative environments in Pakistan.
- 06 What is your personal enlightened opinion about the relative functional efficiency of Civil Service System in Pakistan in the light of theories of Max Weber, which emphasize the supremacy of merit, objectivity and rules and regulations?
- 07 Why "Administrative Accountability" is necessary in the public service? Suggest proper means to improve the system accountability in running the affairs of the Government of Pakistan.
- 08 Write short notes on any 02 of the following:
 - (a) Difference between Public and Private Administration.
 - (b) Performance Evaluation Methods.
 - (c) Unity of Command.
 - (d) Job specification.

*****THE END*****

SINDH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, HYDERABAD

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION, 2008

SOCIOLOGY

Saturday the 11th April, 2009

Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

NOTE: ATTEMPT ANY FIVE QUESTIONS.
ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

QUESTION NO:

- 01 Elucidate the term juvenile delinquency and what are its root causes in Pakistan?
- 02 What is meant by a stratified random sample? How does it differ from a quota sample?
- 03 "Socialization is the process where by personality is acquired through social interaction". Discuss.
- 04 "Child is an asset for every nation". What should be done to achieve the welfare of children in under developed country?
- 05 Discuss the causes of violence among youth of Urban Society
- 06 Define the term "Family" and describe the merits and demerits of joint Family System.
- 07 "Population control is the biggest challenge for the Government". Discuss.
- 08 "Our rural girls need more and more education for national development". Discuss.

-----THE END-----

Wednesday the 08th April, 2009
Time: 2.00.P.M. to 5.00. P.M.

Maximum marks: 150

نوٹ :- صرف پانچ سوالات کے جواب دیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 1 لازمی ہے

سوال نمبر 1۔ حالی اور اکبر کا موازنہ ان کے خیالات، جذبات، نظریات اور حالات کو پیش نظر رکھتے ہوئے کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 2۔ کیا ہوجیا نہ شاعری میں "عشق" کا تصور عام شاعری سے مختلف ہے؟ کیوں؟

سوال نمبر 3 اقبال کا نظریہ زندگی کیا ہے؟ ان کے کلام کی روشنی میں واضح کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 4۔ "ترقی پسند تحریک" نے اردو شعر و ادب کو کس طرح متاثر کیا تفصیلاً تحریر کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 5۔ اردو خانہ نگاری کی تاریخ میں رشید احمد صدیقی کس مقام پر ہیں؟ اور کیوں؟

سوال نمبر 6۔ اردو کے آغاز سے متعلق حافظ محمود سیرانی اور سید سلمان ندوی کے خیالات پیش کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 7۔ زبانوں کی ارادی تشکیل میں عوام کیا کردار ادا کرتے ہیں؟ مفصل نوٹ تحریر کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 8۔ "باغ و بہار" دہلوی تہذیب و معاشرت کی جتنی جاتی تصویر ہے۔ اس خیال کی نظر میں باغ و بہار پر تبصرہ کیجیے۔

سوال نمبر 9۔ "غالب نے اردو نثر کی ملکیت دور کی" اس قول کی روشنی میں خطوط غالب کا جائزہ لیجیے۔

ختم شد